

Edmonton Bulletin.

VOL. IX.

EDMONTON, ALBERTA, SATURDAY, JUNE 30TH, 1888.

No. 35.

TELEGRAPHIC.

OTTAWA, June 19.

Hon. C. F. Tupper, minister of marine and fisheries, was elected by acclamation to-day in Picton, Nova Scotia.

OTTAWA, June 19.

The department of inland revenue continues to receive the views of the boards of trade relative to the proposed new grain standards. The line between Manitoba and the North-West on the one hand and Ontario and Quebec on the other is as sharply defined as ever.

OTTAWA, June 20.

The following are the successful tenderers for general Indian supplies: Hudson's Bay Co., Winnipeg; I. G. Baker & Co., MacLeod; S. H. Borbridge, Ottawa; J. N. Garland, Ottawa; Lieper & Son, Toronto; Merrick, Anderson & Co., Winnipeg; Ronthes, Love, Greenfell, Ormes & Son, Ottawa; John Burns, Montreal.

OTTAWA, June 22.

The appointment of Hon. John Schultz as lieutenant-governor of Manitoba from July 1st will be gazetted to-morrow.

The republican convention have made no choice yet as to who will be the candidate. Sherman's name is on every vote taken. The jam around the hall to-night is something awful. Nothing like it has ever been seen in Chicago. It was with the greatest difficulty that the delegates and ticket holders reached the interior of the building.

Intensely hot weather continues throughout Canada. Many fatalities are reported to-day. The maximum in Montreal was 90° in the shade, Toronto 95°, Ottawa valley 102°.

OTTAWA, June 25.

Hon. Mr. Costigan will visit Manitoba and British Columbia this summer.

Hayter Reed will be appointed Indian commissioner and Forget assistant commissioner.

An order in council appointing Joseph Royal, M. P., lieutenant-governor of the North-West was passed yesterday. The commission will date from July 2nd. Mr. Royal leaves for Regina on Monday.

The republican convention has come to a decision at last. General Harrison of Indiana has been selected as the presidential candidate. The bolt for Harrison was due to a telegram of declination from Blaine. Levy Morton of New York was chosen for vice president on the first ballot.

Recent intelligence from Suakam stating that White Pasha has made his appearance in the Buterel Gazette province with a large force of men has given rise to endless speculation in England as to who this white pasha is. It is believed by some that it is General Gordon; others incline to the belief that it is Edmund O'Donovan, the famous war correspondent of the London Daily News; and still another, and perhaps most likely, explanation is that it is H. Stanley who is forcing his way westward.

WINNIPEG, June 19.

The republicans of Chicago are organizing to select a candidate. At midnight the position was apparently as unsettled as ever. Sherman still seems to be the strongest candidate.

WINNIPEG, June 23.

At the court of revision this morning Judge Ardagh decided that temporary civil servants have no vote.

WINNIPEG, June 28.

South Regina, Secord 131, Scott 120; North Regina, Jelly elected by about 100 majority—the polling places give him 141, Brown 37, seven poll to hear from. Medicine Hat, Tweed elected, Finlay having withdrawn loses his deposit. Wolseley, all places heard from but one; Richardson 191, Dill 170; former likely elected by a small majority. North Qu'Appelle, Southerland 260, Clarke 104; Clark will probably lose his deposit. South Qu'Appelle, Davidson 262, Bell 195. Moose Jaw, Ross 112, Annable 119, with two places to hear from which will probably elect Ross. Whitewood, Thorburn 164, Hawkes 97, Lyon 98; Thorburn's majority 57; two places to hear from which will increase Thorburn's majority. Calgary, Lineham and Cayley were elected by a large majority over Rielly.

QU'APPELLE, June 23.

The following are the candidates nominated for the North-West assembly: North Qu'Appelle, W. A. Clark and W. Sutherland, South Qu'Appelle, G. S. Davidson and W. R. Bell; South Regina, Secord and Scott; MacLeod, Haultain, by acclamation; Moose Jaw, Ross and Annabel; North Regina, Jelly and Brown; Calgary, Rielly, Cayley and Line-

ham; Wolseley, Dill and Richardson; Broadview, Lions, Hawkie and Thorburn; Moosomin, Neff, by acclamation; Medicine Hat, Tweed and Findlay; Red Deer, Brett and Brealey.

BATTLEFORD, June 23.

On Thursday evening a party of police brought in a Cree Indian charged with abusing government cattle.

The wheat crop promises to be good. Very little of it was hurt by the frost of last month. The prospects are satisfactory.

During the heavy rains this week the lime in Mahaffey & Clinksill's lime house heated and set the building on fire. Very little damage was done.

An Indian was arrested on a charge of attempting to kill his wife, at the Battle river reserve, was found guilty of assault and sentenced to two months in the guard room.

CALGARY, June 23.

On very short notice a large crowd assembled on Thursday in the fire hall to take steps in regard to the appointment of Dewdney as minister of the interior. There was much enthusiasm and much speech-making. Mayor Shelton presided and Radd was secretary. A copy of a resolution strongly endorsing Dewdney and expressing pleasure that the great importance of North-West representatives has been acknowledged have been sent to Sir John.

BERLIN, June 19.

The newspapers generally praise Emperor William's proclamation to the people. They approve of the sincere aim which the new emperor has set for himself and the stress laid on his trust and confidence in the fidelity of his people. They express a hope that perfect harmony between the sovereign and his people may ever be preserved, and that the people will faithfully support the emperor in fulfilling this task.

BERLIN, June 25.

Emperor William opened the Reichstag to-day. His speech throughout dwelt on Germany's pacific disposition, whose policy, he said, aims solely to ward off an attack and not to acquire military glory. The emperor desires the peace of all nations.

LOCAL.

TAYLOR BROS., of Sturgeon river, are rearing a moose calf. They also have a flock of young wild geese, being hatched by a turkey hen.

A YOUNG man named Belcamt was drowned in Lake St. Ann recently, by the upsetting of a canoe. His companion, who was on Small Rocky Island at the time, was unable to save him. He did not get away from the island for three days, as it was impossible to send assistance to him on account of stormy weather.

THE steamer Alice Sprague left Winnipeg on June 15th with passengers and freight for points along the North Saskatchewan. She has quite a distinguished party on board. Chief Factor Belanger acts as chief of the party. Bishop Grandin is a passenger, but will stop off at either Prince Albert or Battleford to inspect missions in those districts. Wm. Clarke, of the northern department, and his wife are passengers. Mr. Clarke stops over at Grand Rapids on company's business, but Mrs. Clarke is coming on to Edmonton. She acts as chaperon to Mr. Belanger's little girl, who has been attending the convent at St. Boniface and is now coming to Edmonton. Mr. Wrigley's son is one of the party. The steamer North-West is to make only one trip to Edmonton spending the rest of the season in making trips between Grand Rapids, Prince Albert and Battleford.

A MEETING of the residents of Edmonton was held on Tuesday evening to arrange for the reception of the Hon. Senator Hardisty upon his arrival home next week. Donald Ross was appointed chairman of the meeting and Robt. Strachan secretary. Messrs. McCauley and Colman were appointed a committee to see legal gentlemen and others with a view to the preparation of an address and to have the same prepared. The following gentlemen were appointed a reception committee: Messrs. Kinnaird, Gauthier, McCauley, Chastellaine, Cunningham, Daly and Osborne. It is uncertain when Senator Hardisty will arrive, but probably on the 4th or 5th of July, and steps will be taken to let the fact be known as long before as possible. It was agreed that Mr. Hardisty should be escorted across the river and driven through the town and an arch erected and the address presented at a point to be determined by the reception committee. Messrs. Hounston and McDougall were appointed a committee to solicit subscriptions for necessary expenses.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

JUST ARRIVED!

A Large Assortment of Gents' Furnishings, comprising Summer Underclothing, Dress and Regatta Shirts, Silk Scarfs and Ties, Gloves, Cloth Caps, Straw Hats, Overalls, &c., &c.

And a further supply of

LADIES' MILLINERY.

—ALSO—

FANCY GOODS, FURNITURE AND CROCKERY.

A fresh supply of English Goods to arrive in a few days.

PRICES AWAY DOWN.

Terms Strictly Cash.

W. JOHNSTONE WALKER.

Direct Importer of English Goods.

LUMBER.

MOORE & MACDOWALL, (Limited), will sell lumber at Edmonton at the following rates:

Rough lumber per M \$20 Stock boards M \$25
DIMENSIONS:
Up to 16 feet \$20; for each additional ft \$1.00
Plank, rough, \$20, dressed 1 side 30; 2 do. 35
Flooring per M \$40, Siding per M \$40
Rough Battons per M \$25.

Fence Pickets, rough, per bdle. \$3.00, dressed and pointed \$4.00. Lath per bdle, \$7.00.
Shingles, per M \$4.00 Panel per M \$35.00
Shelving 1x10 per M Base " " 40.00
dressed 2 sides 35.00 Inch lumber dressed
Wainscoting per M ed 1 side per M 30.00
1x3 dressed 1 side & Beading per lineal ft 1c
and beaded 40.00 Band moulding " 2 1/2 c
5 casing per lineal ft 2c O.G. crown " " 2 1/2 c
Quarter round " " " 1c
Sills 6x6 per lineal ft. Spruce 8c Tamarac 10c
" 8x8 " " " 10c " 12c
" 10x10 " " " 12c " 14c
On bills of \$300 and upwards 10 per cent.
off for cash within thirty days.

Special rates for points down the river.
P. G. GRAY, Agent.

PRIZE LIST.

Quoit Match, at 10 o'clock sharp, 1ST. 2ND. 3RD.
\$ 6.00 \$3.00

HORSE RACES.

1 Mile dash, running, 15.00 7.00 3.00
1/2 " running, native ponies
under 14 hands, best 2 in 3, 10.00 5.00 3.00
Slow race, half mile, 3.00
1/2 Mile running, Indian riders
in costume (entrance free) 5.00 3.00
Novelty race, 1/4 & 1 mile 5.00 5.00 5.00
1 Mile, trotting in harness
best 2 in 3, 15.00 7.00
1/2 " open to all, best 2
in 3 15.00 7.00 3.00

MEN'S FOOT RACES.

1 Mile dash, 10.00 5.00
75 yds Old Man's race,
(over 50 years) boots value 9.00 2.00
100 " race, 15.00 7.00 3.00
50 " Potage race, 3.00 2.00 1.00
220 " race, 6.00 4.00
Fat man's race, over 180 lbs
prize value at E. Rayer 5.00 2.00
1/2 Mile dash, Cruet stand
by Ross Bros., 7.00 3.00 1.00
50 yds 3 legged race, 4.00 2.00
200 yds Hurdle race, over
8 hurdles 3 ft high 6.00 4.00 2.00

BOY'S FOOT RACE.

1/2 Mile dash, boys under 16, 4.00 3.00 1.00
100 yds " " " 12, 2.00 1.00 50
50 " Sack race, (com-
petitors to furnish sacks) 2.00 1.00 50
Double dog race, 1/4 mile, 2.00 1.00 50

GIRL'S FOOT RACE.

75 yards, under 12, 1.50 1.00 50

GAMES.

Vaulting high jump w/ pole, 5.00 2.00
Standing high jump, 4.00 2.00
Running " " 5.00 2.00
" hop step and jump, 4.00 2.00
Putting 14 lb stone, 5.00 2.00
" 21 " " 5.00 2.00
Tossing the Caber 3.00 1.00
Climbing the greasy pole 2.50
Tug of war, 8 men to a team; prize to be
arranged on the ground.
Competitors must enter their names and
pay entrance fee previous to competing.

DR. H. L. MCINNIS,

PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, ACCOUCHER.

Temporary Office,

Dr. Wilson's office.

MR. JAS. PRICE

Begs to inform his friends and the public generally that he will open on the 2nd of July, with a

GRAND BALL.

His new buildings, to be known as the BELMONT PLEASURE GARDENS

And summer resort.

He begs respectfully to state that having spared no pains nor expense in the house and flower gardens he hopes by strict attention and civility to merit a share of your patronage.

N. B.—Good stabling and an ostler always in attendance.

TO THE ELECTORS OF THE ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF EDMONTON.

GENTLEMEN,—

Having been invited by a large number of the electors to become a candidate for the Edmonton district in the forthcoming elections for the legislative assembly of the North-West Territories, I have consented to do so. Having lived in your midst eight years, and having followed the pursuits while here upon which the prosperity of this district depends, farming and stock raising, I believe that in the interest of the North-West in general, and the farming districts in particular, there should be in the new assembly, at this stage of its existence, men having practical knowledge of the wants and requirements of those whom they represent, and on that ground I ask for your support.

Regarding the questions of responsible government and control by the representatives of the people of their money, my opinion and the stand which I propose taking if you honor me by electing me is that the act providing for the government of the North-West, although an improvement on matters as they existed heretofore, still does not give us that measure of government by the people, for the people, which they are entitled to, and which their position in the Dominion demands. Regarding the control of public monies by the representatives of the people, I believe that it would be more satisfactory to the people whose money it is, and more thoroughly in keeping with the principle of equitable and British government that the representatives of the people should have the control of the people's money.

Having interested myself as early as 1880 on behalf of the half-breeds who asked for scrip for children born since 1870, I can only assure you that if elected I shall do everything that lies within my power to obtain what I have so long advocated, and what I consider merely an act of tardy justice.

My views on the liquor question, after careful thought, are, that to obtain a satisfactory decision and settlement of this important matter, the question should be submitted to a vote of the people at the earliest possible time, and I pledge myself, if elected, to do all I can to bring about a change in the present unsatisfactory state of affairs.

I hold that all loyal settlers and all North-West mounted policemen who bore arms in the late rebellion should be granted scrip, and that a settlement of rebellion claims should be pressed upon the government, and that the great loss and hardship suffered by those who are deprived of their just claims should be strongly represented to the government at once.

I find it impossible, in the necessarily limited space of an address, to state at length my views on all the important questions before the people in the coming contest, but propose to see as many personally before polling day as possible and to attend all public meetings, when I shall be pleased to state my stand on all the public questions of the day. In asking for your support I can only assure you that I shall, if elected, faithfully redeem the pledges I have made, and attempt to the best of my ability to carry out the principles I advocate. And having, as I stated before, a personal knowledge of the requirements of an agricultural district, I ask for your vote and influence, and beg to remain,

Gentlemen, your obedient servant,

D. MALONEY.

Edmonton, June 12th, 1888.

THE EDMONTON BULLETIN is published every Saturday morning, at the office, Main street, Edmonton. Subscription—Two Dollars per annum. Advertising rates—Standing advertisements, two dollars a line per annum; transient advertisements, ten cents a line for first insertion and five cents a line for each subsequent insertion. FRANK OLIVER, proprietor.

EDMONTON BULLETIN, JUNE 30, 1888.

Advices from the Congo state that Stanley was wounded in his fight with the natives and half of his escort deserted him. Tippoo Tib failed to send the promised convoy, it is supposed in revenge for Stanley's action in destroying his slave trade. Herbert Ward, a member of his expedition, is on the way home from Africa and it is supposed that he has had news from Stanley. The report of his death is being circulated in Belgium, but whether founded on truth or not is not known.

The investigation by the Canadian senate into the resources of the Mackenzie basin has attracted the attention of the old country to the resources of Canada. The Empire in an editorial on the subject commends the recommendation of the senate to reserve 40,000 acres of the petroleum belt on the grounds of, in this way, keeping it for Canadians and not for Yankees. If withholding altogether from development is what is meant then it is right in saying that it will be reserved for Canadians, but reserved in the same manner as it has been for the last hundred years only more so. The country can never be developed and capital and emigrants attracted by locking up the most valuable parts of the country for an indefinite period. Throw it open and let capital come in and our vast natural wealth be turned into the channels of trade and Canadians will be benefitted infinitely more than by forming reserves.

The new emperor of Germany has issued his proclamation to the German people. It will be somewhat disappointing to those who have been predicting war on the accession of Prince William. The following clauses, which may be taken as a specimen of the proclamation, which is short, will speak for itself: "Called to the throne of my fathers' I have assumed the government looking up to the king of kings, and vowed to God that after the example of my fathers' I will be a just and clement prince to my people; that I will foster purity and the fear of God; that I will protect peace and promote the welfare of the country, and that I will be a helper of the poor and distressed, and a true guardian of the right." His address to the army is certainly that of a soldier, but no stronger or warlike than a commanding officer would be expected to address to the army he has just been called on to command. It is to be hoped that no future action will destroy the confidence his proclamation has invited.

VAN HORNE informed the town council of Port Arthur that as soon as suitable grounds could be obtained the C. P. R. workshops would be removed from Winnipeg to Port Arthur. The reasons given were that the people of Winnipeg had used the C. P. R. shabbily, and there would be many advantages in locating the shops at Lake Superior. The company would do everything that would benefit Port Arthur. It occupied the best position between Toronto and the Pacific coast for a great wholesale and manufacturing centre. Winnipeg wholesale business men, if they kept in business there, would have to erect warehouses in Port Arthur and ship direct from that point. In matters of foundries and machine shops the whole business of the west could be done there, and Winnipeg could not compete. Port Arthur would yet be much larger than Duluth and was the best manufacturing point in Canada. The first shop to be removed would be the foundry and the rest would follow in due course. The whole interview showed the petty spite of the C. P. R. against Winnipeg. Without entering into the relative advantages of the two places for the headquarters of the C. P. R. works one thing is patent, that the contemplated action is to get revenge on Winnipeg for daring to refuse to kiss the foot of the autocratic monopoly that held them and the west in its power. And if the time ever comes when the people of Lake Superior are forced to kick against the C. P. R. they will be subject to all the annoyance and trouble the company can give them. But now that monopoly has been done away with the people of the west can afford to be independent of the C. P. R. by building competing lines. If Winnipeg cannot have C. P. R. shops it will always be a railroad centre and will likely have the shops in the future of the trans-continental line that will be built to the Pacific through the Yellowhead pass, and of which the R. R. V. R. and the branch to the Portage to connect with the M. N. W. are the first links. The C. P. R. cannot now check Winnipeg any more than the Dominion government could for long check Manitoba at the dictation of the C. P. R.

ELECTORAL MEETING.

The public meeting held in Stewart & Bannerman's hall last Saturday was well attended. The hall was crowded with electors from Edmonton and contiguous districts. Mr. Donald Ross was appointed chairman, and Dr. Wilson, in whose interest the meeting was called, was the first to address the electors. The doctor's address was principally in favor of responsible government for the Territories, and against the present unsatisfactory law. He showed the stand taken by the North-West council and his own actions while there on this question. The law for the government of the Territories was not that asked for by the council in their memorial to the federal authorities. The North-West council was not at all responsible for the new bill, and it was formed contrary to the resolutions on the subject and against their wishes. He read the resolutions passed by the council on this subject and claimed a verdict for the stand taken. The delegation to Ottawa was next touched on and extracts were read from the public press commending the personnel of the delegation of which he was a member. He sought to show that he was a kicker against the federal government when the interests of the North-West Territories were at stake. He stated that the only real issue between Mr. Oliver and himself was on the liquor question. He favored a license law and Mr. Oliver prohibition. He read a statement showing the expenditure of money granted to this district over which he had control since he was a member of the council. He appealed for the support of the electors and pledged himself to do his utmost to further the interests of this district and the North-West.

Samuel Cunningham, the old member for St. Albert, was called to the platform and in response spoke in Cree. In a few words in English he stated that he had supported Dr. Wilson in those things he claimed credit for and that was for the good of the North-West Territories. When he had any money to expend he called the people together and asked them their advice as to where they would like it expended and had a committee appointed to oversee the work. If elected again he would do in the future as he had in the past.

Frank Oliver on being called on appealed to the people on his past record, both as a citizen of the district and a member of the N. W. C. He was an advocate of responsible government and was the first to agitate the question, even though called a crank for so doing. It was said that he was the father of the movement in favor of giving the Territories the power to deal with local questions. He had been consistent from the first on this question and those who knew him could rest assured that he would do his best to bring it about. When he first advocated responsible government it was looked on as a crazy idea, but now the elections from end to end of the Territories were being fought on this question, and none stood any chance of election who did not clearly express themselves in favor of it. It was urged against him that he was a kicker and in consequence could not get as much from the council as he would if a friend of the government. He gave his record while a member of the council to prove that he secured as much or more than others. He was the originator of the school law and succeeded during his second term in gaining the support of the other members and in getting the law placed on the statute books, giving the right of education to the children of the country. If elected he would give, from time to time, an account of his stewardship, and not wait until election day and then read from a slip of paper the items of expenditure, so quickly that it was impossible to even take them down.

D. Maloney addressed the meeting and charged the old members with allowing the two districts of Edmonton and St. Albert to become united in one. It would be better for St. Albert to have one and Edmonton one. He also charged them with using the public money to bribe the electors, and gave some instances in support of his statement, such as a man being refused work on the road because he was going to vote for him. Also that Cunningham promised to use the public money in giving work to the indigent people of St. Albert and then refused, keeping the money and spending it where it would do most good in securing votes. He also stated that Dr. Wilson had spent money belonging to Edmonton in improvements in St. Albert. This was not right and should be condemned.

J. U. Prieur, of St. Albert, addressed the meeting in French in favor of S. Cunningham. He was there to advance his candidature, believing him to be a better man than Maloney.

A. Prince spoke for Maloney. He knew that the English people would give the French minority fair play. He had no fear of that, but it would have been better for all concerned if the two districts had remained separate.

Chas. L. Shaw was called on and spoke in favor of F. Oliver, advising Dr. Wilson if he wanted more done to vote for Oliver. Dr.

Wilson at St. Albert appealed for support because he was a friend of the government and could get more from them on that account, and now he states here that he is a kicker against the government and asks for support on that ground. He would find it difficult to run with the hare and hunt with the hounds. The voice was the voice of Jacob, but the hand that of Esau. The doctor seemed to have a mania for resolving, but what did it ever amount to. They wanted 25 kickers at Regina, and then they would stand a chance of getting their rights from the government. They were sure that Oliver was a kicker, but not so sure of the doctor. In his address he cries war against the Dominion government, and before the electors he appeals for support because he was a friend of the government's. On the question of license the side he supported advocated submitting the question to a popular vote and let the people decide whether they wanted license or prohibition. Not to pass a license law without asking the people whether they wanted it or not.

After Dr. Wilson replied in a few words the meeting broke up.

TO THE PEOPLE OF EDMONTON AND SURROUNDING DISTRICT.

Allow me ladies and gentlemen to thank you for your kind and generous support in the past, and now as I have come to settle among you again I hope I may again receive your confidence and patronage.

I am, Yours sincerely,
DR. H. L. MCINNIS.

NEW GOODS.

ALBERTA
BOOT AND SHOE
HOUSE.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
STEWART & BANNERMAN.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS.

THE HUDSON'S BAY COMPANY,
EDMONTON,
Are now offering full lines in
DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES.

A large shipment now arriving and more on the road.

Inspection invited and full value for money guaranteed. Call and see; no trouble to show goods.

Special orders taken for Suits, Costumes, Mantles, and any Lady's or Gentleman's wear; to be supplied from our establishment in Winnipeg in the shortest possible time.

HUDSON'S BAY COMPANY.

A. MACDONALD & CO.,

GENERAL MERCHANTS,

First arrivals of Spring Goods, consisting of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

SIDE, SPICED ROLL and

BREAKFAST BACON,

CANNED GOODS and

GENERAL GROCERIES, Etc.

To ARRIVE NEXT WEEK,

a full line of Clothing,

HATS AND CAPS, &C., &C.

Prices lower than ever.

Call and examine.

A. MACDONALD & CO.

ARRIVED TO-DAY.

EVAPORATED APRICOTS,
LARD, BACON, HAMS,
FLOUR, BUTTER, OAT MEAL,
CORN MEAL, MACKEREL,
LABRADOR HERRINGS,
MATCHES.

Syrup in Kegs, Pails and Barrels.

Also a large stock of Summer Hats, &c., &c.

BROWN & CURRY.

GENERAL.

The order allowing sealers to go into Behring's sea has been countermanded.

Rev. Mr. Hogg, of Moncton, has accepted the call to St. Andrew's church, Winnipeg.

Rev. T. M. McMullen, of Woodstock was unanimously elected moderator of the General Assembly in Halifax.

It is expected that Senator Girard will arrive from Calgary and take passage with the North-West on her return trip.

Capt. Shepherd is spoken of as a probable candidate in opposition to Attorney-General Martin in the Portage.

William Hayes walked off the dock at Owen Sound while drunk and was drowned. He leaves a wife and six young children.

Mr. Luxton has retired from the contest in South Winnipeg, and Mr. Isaac Campbell, barrister, has been nominated in his stead.

Jas. Flett, while out hunting near Manitoba Post, accidentally shot his little 12 year old boy, killing him instantly.

The steamer Minnow arrived at Battleford on June 5th. On her return trip she is to bring up a lot of potatoes for the mounted police.

The Peigans and Crows of Montana are at war. The Peigans stole some Crow horses and the Crows retaliated by shooting some Peigans.

The police authorities have been notified that liquor is being brought into the Territories as canned apples, and in barrels of oat meal.

Brandon and Regina still hold out for No. 1 and 2 Manitoba hard to be composed of two-thirds, or 66 per cent. of hard wheat. Toronto asks for \$5 and Montreal 90.

The Northern Pacific express was held up by train robbers near Junction City, Montana, on June 16th. The express car was sacked and all male passengers compelled to give up their money and valuables.

Veterinary Inspector Poett reports the bands of horses belonging to the Bresaylor settlements, with one exception, free from contagious disease and denies the report of the prevalence of glanders among them.

Forest fires have left 200 people homeless and destitute in New Foundland. The fire raged with great fury and destroyed an incalculable amount of property besides burning to death several who were caught in the flames.

The Saskatchewan Herald of June 9th says: "Wm. McKay, of the telegraph service, Edmonton, arrived here on Wednesday on his way to act as foreman over the construction of the line from Clark's Crossing to Prince Albert."

The writs for the Manitoba elections have been issued fixing date of nomination on July 4th and polling on the 11th. The liberals have candidates in every constituency except two—Kildonan and Rosenfeldt, the latter the Mennonite constituency. John Norquay is likely to have a walk-over in Kildonan. The conservatives have not as yet brought out candidates in Mountain, where Greenway is running; in Portage la Parrie against Martin; in Killarney against F. Young; in Manitou against Minram; in Morden against Alex. Lawrence; in St. Andrews Leveradnye, Springfield, Birtle, Lorne or Dufferin, being eleven, where as yet the liberal candidates are unopposed. It is probable that there will be opposition in some of these, but every indication go to show that the Greenway government will be returned with a good majority.

Mr. BORTHWICK has been deposed from the editorial chair of the Morden Monitor for expressing himself, through his paper, in favor of giving the present government in Manitoba time to redeem its pledges. Part of the paper containing his valedictory on vacating his position was burned by the directors of the company, but it has been published in many others. While likely to suffer financially for his independent stand, yet he will stand high among all well-thinking men as a fair minded gentleman, willing to accord fair play to all. As a result the reverend gentleman has received an amount of free advertising that may stand him in good stead some time.

The following will give an idea of the value and extent of the railway system of Canada: Miles of railway completed, 12,332; capital paid, \$683,773,191. Of this amount \$163,025,495 was paid by government in bonuses, loans and municipal aid and shares bought. The total earnings of the roads for 1887 was \$38,841,609; the working expenses \$27,624,683; leaving \$11,216,926 as the net earnings of the Canadian roads for that year. There were 10,698,638 passengers carried, and 16,356,335 tons of freight. The total number of miles run by trains was 33,638,748. The number of passengers killed was ten, and injured 49. The companies own a total of 1,587 engines and 37,384 cars. The C. P. R. has in operation 4,274 miles, and the G. T. R. 2,598. The total cost of the C. P. R. is \$114,901,922, and of the G. T. R. \$245,710,796. These latter figures include the value of all roads operated as well as owned.

TO THE ELECTORS OF EDMONTON ELECTORAL DISTRICT.

GENTLEMEN,—

In accordance with the request of a large number of voters I have the honor to offer myself as a candidate for the representation of this district in the legislature of the North-West Territories. As I am probably best known to most of you by the opinions that I hold on public questions, it is not necessary at this time to define them at great length or in minute particular.

The views that I have advocated in the past regarding responsible government for the Territories I still hold, and am glad to see that while a few years ago I stood almost alone in that matter, to-day, as I believe the result of the coming elections will show, these are the views of an overwhelming majority of the people of the North-West. Having made up their minds as to the prime necessity of getting the management of their local affairs into the hands of their own representatives, it remains for the electors to place in the legislature men who can be depended upon to work with intelligence, energy and success to that end.

My record, both in a public and private capacity, for many years past is before you, and on that I appeal to you for support. If in the past I have been unfaithful to any trust reposed in me, if I have not used my best endeavors to advance the interests of this district and the Territories at large, if I have dealt unfairly by any section, race, creed, or individual in the community, or if the endeavors I have made in the public interest have not been to a reasonable extent successful, I do not expect support. But if I have been faithful to every trust, if I have always worked to advance the public interest, if I have never dealt unfairly between section and section, between race and race, between creed and creed, or between man and man, and if my endeavors have reached a fair measure of success I ask for the support of every voter who desires to be represented honestly, earnestly, impartially and successfully, for his vote and influence to secure my election.

Respectfully yours,

FRANK OLIVER.

Edmonton, June 9th, 1888.

NEW GOODS JUST ARRIVED.

MENS' AND BOYS' CLOTHING,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

FELT AND STRAW HATS

And the grandest display of

—: MILLINERY :—

that was ever brought in to Edmonton.

More goods on the way.

—: Take a look and see the stock. —:

JOHN A. McDOUGALL.

BLUESTONE.

TIMOTHY SEED,

TURNIP SEED,

ONION SEED,

GARDEN SEED,

—: FULL STOCK AT :—

PHIL DALY & CO.'S DRUG STORE.

A SOCIETY OF LADIES

Has been formed in aid of the Church of England, calling themselves "The Willing Workers." Orders may be left at the residence of the President, Mrs. F. Wilson for plain and fancy needlework.

GEO. P. SANDERSON,

GENERAL BLACKSMITH.

HORSESHOEING A SPECIALTY.

Shop in rear of A. Macdonald & Co.'s store.

A. F. DEGAGNE, Carpenter and Contractor. Plans and Specifications furnished. Mill-wright work a specialty. Doors and Sash on hand.

Victoria Avenue, next Registry Office, Edmonton, Alberta.

TEACHER WANTED.

Applications in writing for the position of assistant (male or female) teacher of the Edmonton public school for the term ending 31st December next, will be received by the undersigned up to the 16th July next, 2nd or 3rd class or provincial certificates required. State terms. Certificate to accompany application.

C. F. STRANG, Secy.-Treas.

Edmonton, June 16th, 1888.

EDMONTON & ST. ALBERT AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

A meeting of of the directors of the above society is hereby called for

SATURDAY JUNE 23RD, at 2 P. M., in the Edmonton School House.

GEO. S. LONG,

President.

POSTPONED.

The above meeting has been postponed on account of unavoidable circumstances until Saturday, July 7th.

GEO. S. LONG, President.

TO PASSENGERS AND SHIPPERS.

THE STEAMER "NORTH-WEST,"

Capt. James Sheets, will leave Edmonton for Grand Rapids on or about the 7th July, making through connection by Lake Steamer

—: FOR WINNIPEG. —:

For further particulars apply on board, or to H. SWINFORD, Secretary.

Winnipeg, April 21st, 1888.

NORRIS & CAREY,

JOBBERS

—: AND —:

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

EDMONTON, ALBERTA.

YOUNG VALENTINE,

TROTTER HORSE,

Will take the following route this season:

MONDAY—Noon at L'Hirondelle Bros., west end of Big lake. Night at his own stable, Maloney Bros., St. Albert.

TUESDAY—Night at Geo. Long's, Sturgeon river, and remain all night.

WEDNESDAY—Noon at P. T. Flynn's, Sturgeon river. Night at Ft. Saskatchewan.

THURSDAY—Noon at Jas. Price's Little Mountain. Night at J. F. Smith's stable, Edmonton.

FRIDAY—Noon at Jas. Inkster's, South Side. Night at South Edmonton.

SATURDAY—Will proceed to his own stable and remain until Monday morning.

Terms, \$6, \$10 and \$12.

YOUNG OAK BRANCH, CLYDESDALE, Just imported.

Will be kept for service at Maloney Bros., St. Albert.

Insurance \$15.

TAM O'SHANTER, CLYDESDALE,

will be kept for service at P. T. Flynn's place Sturgeon river, and Maloney Bros., St. Albert, alternately, during the season.

Insurance \$10.

GEO. HUTTON,

Proprietor.

FARM FOR SALE. Mile and a half from Edmonton, south side, 25 acres under cultivation. House, outbuildings and spring creek on the place. For particulars apply to D. McKINLAY, Edmonton, P. O.

BANKING.

L. A. FERTY & SMITH,

BANKERS AND FINANCIAL AGENTS. EDMONTON, REGINA, MOOSEJON AND CALGARY. P. G. GRAY, Manager.

P. DALY,

BANKER,

Drafts issued and collections made. Office, P. Daly & Co's. Drug Store, Edmonton.

FRESH FRUIT.

Lemons and Oranges, Ice Cream and Ginger Ale, at

LAUDER'S BAKERY.

MILLINERY.

A few of those stylish

WHITE AND BLACK STRAWS

left yet.

Black and white silk lace 40 inches wide at JAMES MARTIN'S.

REMOVED! REMOVED!

E. RAYMER & CO.

Have removed from their old stand to one opposite the BULLETIN office. Their reasons for moving are increase of business and more space to do it in.

NOTE.—Our Jewelry and Stationery lines are complete. Having just received a lot of watch and jewelry material we will be able to repair watches and jewelry with neatness and dispatch.

E. RAYMER & CO., Jewelers and Stationers.

J. WALTER, Carriage Maker and Boat Builder, Ft. Edmonton ferry landing, south side.

Just arrived a large stock of Hickory and Oak plank and boards, all sizes. Wagon Tongues, Buggy Tongues, Buggy Shafts, Buggy and Wagon Spokes, Felloes and Wheels, Whistle Trees and Neck Yokes, Seat Springs, etc.

Four new boats, medium size, now on hand.

ROYAL MAIL AND STAGE LINE

making weekly trips between Calgary and Edmonton. Leaves Calgary every Thursday morning, making close connection with the train which leaves Winnipeg on the preceding Monday morning, and arrives at Edmonton on the following Monday evening. Leaves Edmonton on Thursday morning and arrives at Calgary on the following Monday. Passage \$25; 50 lbs. baggage free. Express matter addressed in care of the undersigned will be forwarded without delay, and the advance charges paid by us. Rates, 10 cts. a pound from Calgary. LEESON & SCOTT, mail contractors, Calgary.

BALLENTYNE YATES,

PHOTOGRAPHIC ARTIST.

Studio temporarily at T. B. Henderson's, Main street. Photographs, Groups, Views, etc. Also Gem Tintypes delivered finished in first-class style in thirty minutes. A large stock of first-class material just arrived. Now is your time to leave your orders for a real good Card, Cabinet, Group or Tintype. Good workmanship guaranteed at moderate prices.

THRESHING MACHINES.

THE NEW MODEL,

33 and 36 inch Cylinder. Will thresh more grain of any kind, and cleaner, with less waste, than any Machine in the market. The New Model is the best Machine to be had for Flax.

HALL THRESHING MACHINES,

22 and 36 inch Cylinder. Though this Machine has been before the farmers of Canada and the United States for fifty years, it is still the Favorite Machine where Horse-Power is the motive power to drive it.

OSBORN 12 HORSE PORTABLE ENGINES,

with Spark Arresters, Dalzell Steel and Wilson's steel Tubes in the Boilers, the best Steel and the best Tubes in the world, ensuring absolute safety to all who look after their Engines.

PITTS' 10 HORSE DOWN POWERS.

WOODBURY 12 HORSE MOUNTED POWERS.

PLANET 10 HORSE DOWN POWER,

all of Iron, safe to leave out in all weather.

CALIFORNIA 12 HORSE DOWN POWER,

all of Iron, safe to leave out in all weather.

In quality of material, good workmanship and finish, these Machines cannot be excelled. Repairs and parts of Machines at all times on hand.

JOSEPH HALL MACHINE WORKS, OSBORN.

JOHN LIVINGSTONE, Trustee.

NOTICE.

As it has been decided to tender Senator Hardisty a public reception on his arrival in town the committee appointed at a public meeting on Tuesday last have made the necessary arrangements and would cordially invite the public to take part in this expression of public feeling. As soon as the date of Mr. Hardisty's arrival is known full particulars and information will be circulated as widely as possible.

GEO. KINNIARD, Secy. Com.

EDMONTON RIFLE ASSOCIATION.

Members holding rifles from the association will either renew their subscriptions for the present year or return rifle at once to

C. F. STRANG, Secretary.

PAINTING PUBLIC SCHOOL.

Tenders in writing will be received up to Saturday next, the 23rd inst., for painting public school buildings a first or priming coat of paint. Particulars can be had on application to

C. F. STRANG, Secy.-Treas.

TO THE ELECTORS OF EDMONTON.

GENTLEMEN,—

The electoral campaign being now opened, I have the honor to inform you that I shall be a candidate in the present contest, and I do so at the request of an important section of the people of this district.

The actual limits of the district are too far apart to allow me to go and visit each elector, as I wished to do, but I shall soon have the pleasure to see you at public meetings, when I will have the honor of addressing you.

My record as the representative of the district of St. Albert, at the council, is well known to you. I have done, independently, what I thought was for the best interests of my district, helping good measures and opposing with all my strength what I thought was unfair.

The present form of government is not that which we have petitioned the federal government for. But it will have to be changed, and I pledge myself to do all I can in that direction.

I feel proud to say that the present school law has received my most hearty support; owing to my exertions and the help of a well thinking majority in the council, we enjoy at last a school law which meets with the approval of all, irrespective of race and creed.

Owing to the considerable number of people in this part of Alberta, I asked that Lac la Biche and the surrounding country be set apart and formed into a separate district, with its own representative; since that has not been done, I shall request that appropriations be granted according to the number of the people compared with that of the other districts.

The federal government has not yet answered the memorial moved by the council towards the granting of scrip to the half-breed children born since 1870 up to this day. But this demand is so legitimate and fair that, I have no doubt, with some more system, the government will grant it.

Gentlemen, should you give me the support to which my past record entitles me I pledge myself, to-day, to use my influence towards securing the opening of new roads through the country which offers the best prospects to settlers, and the most accommodation to trade and transport, and I shall moreover try and have the existing roads put in proper repair. I will do all I can to bring the legislature to use all their influence with the government at Ottawa to have public servants in the North-West Territories chosen from residents of the Territories.

I shall ask for larger grants for education purposes.

I shall ask that government contractors be held by their contracts to purchase, as much as possible, all the articles and provisions for which they contract, in the districts where these provisions are needed. A move to this effect would furnish the farmers and industrials of each district with a fair chance to sell all their products easily and with greater profits, and would help a great deal to do away with eastern competition.

Finally, gentlemen, guided only by the strong desire of doing all the good I can to this district and to the Territories at large I shall act in all circumstance according to what duty, conscience and labor will dictate.

I have the honor to be, Gentlemen,

Your obedient servant,

S. CUNNINGHAM.

AUX ELECTEURS D'EDMONTON.

MESSEURS,—

La campagne électorale étant ouverte, j'ai l'honneur de vous annoncer que, répondant au nom d'une partie considérable de l'électorat, je me port candidat pour briguer les suffrages dans la présente lutte.

L'immense étendue du district me prive, à regret, du plaisir de visiter chaque électeur en particulier, c'est pourquoi j'ai res-

ours à la voix de la presse, pour le moment, espérant plus tard, prouver vous inviter à des assemblées publiques.

Mon séjour au conseil du Nord-Ouest n'a pas été de longue durée; mais il a suffi, je crois, pour vous démontrer que, toujours desirux de promouvoir les intérêts généraux des Territoires et celui de mon district en particulier, j'ai en toutes circonstances, donné mon ferme appui à toutes les mesures que j'ai jugé bonnes.

La forme de notre législature actuelle n'est pas celle pour l'obtention de laquelle j'ai travaillé; elle ne diffère de l'ancienne que par le nom et devra être changée. Comme les autres Provinces de la Confédération nous avons droit à une législation libre et responsable, qui peut seule exprimer fidèlement les véritables volontés du peuple; aussi ferai-je tous mes efforts pour en obtenir l'établissement dans les Territoires.

Je me flatte d'avoir contribué, pour une large part, à la mise en force du système actuel d'enseignement qui, sauf quelques modifications, peut seul rencontrer les vues tous sans distinction de nationalité ni de croyance.

Les nouvelles limites électorales de ce District ne sont pas celles que nous avons suggérées au Gouvernement d'Ottawa; le nombre considérable d'habitants qu'elles contiennent donne droit à plus de représentation, je promets donc de travailler sans relâche à obtenir un représentant de plus pour le District.

A force de travail et de démarches, j'ai réussi avec l'aide de mes collègues, à Regina, de faire adopter par le Conseil un Message adressé au Gouvernement fédéral demandant l'émission de scrips en faveur des enfants Metis nés depuis 1870 jusqu'à ce jour. La question est encore pendante; mais cette demande est si légitime et si juste que, j'en suis convaincu, le Gouvernement ne manquera pas de l'accorder.

En outre des questions qui président et pour le règlement satisfaisant desquelles je promets de faire tous mes efforts, je m'engage, de plus, spécialement de travailler à faire ouvrir des routes, les plus propices à la colonisation, les plus utiles au transport et au commerce et à faire améliorer celles qui existent déjà;

Obtenir pour est immense district des appropriations proportionnelles au chiffre de sa population comparée avec celui de la population des autres districts.

A presser la Législature d'user de toute son influence auprès du Gouvernement d'Ottawa pour que les fonctionnaires publics dans les Territoires soient, à l'avenir, autant que possible, choisis dans les Territoires et dans les districts au ils devront remplir leur charge;

Demandeur des subsides plus considérables pour les écoles.

En cas de nouveau désastre causé par les gelées de presse la législature d'assumer la dette de tous ceux des cultivateurs qui ont en des avances de grain de semence du Gouvernement;

De donner mon aide à toute mesure tendant à favoriser les constructions de chemin de fer et de lignes télégraphiques.

Demandeur que dans tous les contrats publics pour approvisionnements et autres, le Gouvernement oblige les contracteurs à se procurer les articles qui font l'objet de leur contrat dans le district pour lequel ils contractent. Cette mesure aura pour effet de fournir aux cultivateurs et aux industriels de chaque district un marché suffisant pour écouler leurs produits avec facilité et profits raisonnables, et d'empêcher qu'ils ne soient sacrifiés aux fautes des spéculateurs de l'est.

Enfin Messieurs, uniquement guidé par le désir d'agir pour le plus grand bien de ce district, je m'engage à supporter tout mesure qui lui serait avantageuse et à combattre énergiquement toutes autres qui pourraient lui être préjudiciables.

Fort du passé et confiant dans l'avenir

J'ai l'honneur d'être, Messieurs,

Votre obéissant serviteur,

S. CUNNINGHAM.

TO THE ELECTORS OF EDMONTON:

GENTLEMEN:—

The writs having been issued you will shortly be called upon to select two men to represent you in the legislative assembly. Having had the honor of representing the Edmonton district in the North-West council during the past three sessions, and having been requested by a large number of the electors to again present myself for election I have decided to appeal to you again and now ask for your support and influence.

My record in the council is well known to you all and upon that you are now asked to pass judgment. If you are satisfied that I have done my duty and carried out as far as possible the pledges made in 1885, you should I think again vote for me. I am prepared to stand or fall by my course since you elected me. As that course has been in the past, so will it be in the future. If you again honor me by electing me as one of your first representatives in the first assembly for the Territories my first and foremost aim will be to make the assembly as at present constituted the last of its kind. In my opinion it is

no improvement upon the council, in fact a shade or two worse. Believing that we are fully entitled to a full provincial form of government I will endeavor to secure the same, and as your representative will compromise on nothing less. The council in the name of the people definitely requested the Dominion government in 1886 to grant the Territories responsible government. Through some family quarrel among the M. P.'s from the Territories no action was taken. Again in 1887 the council repeated the request of 1886 and in answer to it we have been given what is called "An Assembly," but which is in reality nothing but the council with a new name. It was said in the house that the people of the Territories "Had a holy horror of responsible government." If so then the council greatly misrepresented the views of their constituents. If you are satisfied with the prevailing condition of affairs, I most decidedly misrepresented you on this question; but when you elected me I was pledged to support responsible government and if again returned I will be found advocating the same measure.

The representation given this section is not what was asked for (both in 1886 and 1887) and not what it is entitled to, therefore it will be my aim to secure larger representation for the present Edmonton district; Lac la Biche, Victoria and adjacent country should return one member and Edmonton and St. Albert two combined, or one each, divided. Alberta is increasing in population, wealth, and industries faster than either of the other provisional districts, and cannot allow her representation to be reduced to the minimum.

My views upon the question of license have already been placed upon record, and they have not changed since then. Briefly: I believe in repealing the present inoperative law. The introduction of a license law of the most stringent and highest kind, leaving to the people of each provisional district the power of introducing the Canada Temperance Act whenever a majority of the electors so desire.

The representatives of St. Albert and Prince Albert, along with myself succeeded after a struggle extending over two sessions in passing a memorial asking the government to grant scrip to all Metis children born in the Territories since 1870. The council also asked for scrip and medals for the N. W. M. Police and "home-guards," and an immediate settlement of all rebellion claims both as to loss and accounts against the government for goods supplied, work done etc., according to contract. I regret that these recommendations were not acted on, but believing that they are only just and fair it will give me pleasure to again move in the same direction.

The district has received its full share of all funds over which the council had control, as well as its share of the monies voted by the federal government for roads in the North-West, and in the expenditure of these funds it has been my endeavor to treat all sections of the country in an equitable manner.

The district being so large and its settlements somewhat scattered it will be impossible for me to make a personal canvass before the election, but I hope to have the pleasure of addressing most of the electors at the various settlements and explaining more fully my views upon these and other important questions. In the meantime I will briefly mention a few of the points which if elected will be advocated by me as vigorously as possible. It is true that most of them do not come directly within the power of the assembly to deal with but as our representatives at Ottawa do not appear to exert their influence in our behalf, we can through the assembly memorialize the government and thus bring our wants to the attention of the powers that be.

1. That the government make a treaty with the Indians in the north, and also open a road from here to the northern country, thus giving not only Edmonton but Alberta a market for its produce.

2. That public buildings such as a court house, registry office, sheriff's office etc. be erected here.

3. That liberal aid be given to branch lines of railways in the Territories and more especially to such railways whose objective points are in the district. Also that the assembly have the power to charter railways, and no disallowance.

4. Improvement of the Saskatchewan river.

5. Increased postal accommodation for Edmonton and the north, including Lac la Biche and Athabasca Landing.

6. The building of a telegraph line from Calgary to Edmonton and Athabasca Landing.

7. Assistance to settlers from the old country to the North-West.

In conclusion I have but to say that in the discharge of my duties as one of your representatives I have been guided solely by what I considered to be for the best interests of the country, without respect to class or party and if you select me again for one of your members the same considerations will still guide my course. If you are satisfied

with my course and desire me to again serve you, it will give me great pleasure to do so, and I will feel highly honored by becoming your representative, but if not elected my support as a citizen will be most willingly given in every way to those you elect, so long as they fight for the principles I have so feebly outlined.

I have the honor to be, Gentlemen,
Yours obediently,

H. C. WILSON.

Edmonton, June 7th, 1888.

PROFESSIONAL

C. H. CONNOR, Advocate, Notary Public, Etc. Office, Main street, first building west of the post office, Edmonton, Alta.

ROBERT STRACHAN, Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public and Conveyancer, Edmonton, Alberta; Office, Main Street, Edmonton, between Stewart & Bannerman's and Ross Bros. stores.

DR. J. H. TOFIELD,

St. George's Hospital, London, Temporary residence and consulting room, second log house east of Mr. Cameron's store.

J. U. PRIEUR,

BARRISTER, AVOCAT, ETC.,

ST. ALBERT.

H. C. WILSON, M. D., PHYSICIAN, SURGEON AND ACCOUCHEUR. Office next Daly's Drug Store. Consultation hours:—3 to 5 p. m.

JOS. POTVIN, M. D., PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, ETC. Graduate of the University of Victoria College, Cobourg, Ont. Office: John Thurston's building, east of Jasper House (brick hotel), Edmonton.

SHAW & PRINCE,

BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC., AVOCATS, SOLICITEURS, ETC., Edmonton, Alberta, N. W. T. CHARLES L. SHAW. ANTONIO PRINCE.

HOTELS.

JASPER HOUSE, north side of Main street. The only brick building in Edmonton. First-class weekly and daily board at reasonable rates. Good stabling in connection. J. GOODRIDGE, Proprietor.

HOTEL DU CANADA, Edmonton, south side of Main street. First class weekly and daily board at reasonable rates. Meals at all hours. Good feed stable in connection. J. S. EDMONTON, Proprietor.

ROYAL HOTEL, REILLY & MARTIN, Proprietors. The Royal still continues to be the leading hotel in Calgary and no expense or pains on the part of the proprietors will be spared to keep it so. Table First-Class. Public patronage respectfully solicited.

EDMONTON HOTEL, the pioneer house of entertainment west of Portage la Prairie. An extensive addition has been made to this establishment which now offers superior accommodation to my old patrons and the travelling public. A first-class billiard room. Good stabling attached. DONALD ROSS Proprietor.

ALBERTA HOTEL. — North side Main street, Edmonton, Alberta, N. W. T. This well known establishment continues to furnish first class accommodation to travellers and the public generally. The cuisine is under the management of Mr. F. Pagerie, whose skill in his department is well known in Manitoba and the North-West. Good stabling and livery attached. Every attention paid to the requirements of guests. L. KELLY, Proprietor.

BUSINESS.

MARRIAGE LICENSES may be obtained at THE HERMITAGE.

P. BYRNES.—Boots and Shoes made to order. Main Street Edmonton. Opposite BULLETIN office.

NEW BLACKSMITH SHOP.—Near Norris & Carey's store, Edmonton. Horse-shoeing and General Jobbing. Terms cash. EDMUND LYONS.

LIVERY, FEED, and SALE STABLES. Potatoes, Oats, and all kinds of Feed kept constantly on hand for sale. M. McCAULEY, Main Street, Edmonton.

J. F. SMITH.—LIVERY, FEED & SALE STABLE. Adjoining Hotel du Canada, Main street, Edmonton. Oats and feed constantly on hand. Good drivers to let at any hour.

JAMES McDONALD, Builder and Contractor. Sash and doors on hand and made to order. Plans and estimates of buildings furnished. Everything done with neatness and despatch. Office and shop, Main st. Edmonton.